

HOW TO USE AN ONLINE P-VALUE CALCULATOR

What is a p-value calculator?

A p-value calculator is a software that has an input your test statistic, (and the degrees of freedom, if applicable) that returns the p-value for the test.

There are various online solutions, however, the one I would normally use is by socstatistics @

<http://www.socscistatistics.com>



How to use the socstatistics online p-value calculator?

Step 1: Go to

<http://www.socscistatistics.com/pvalues/>

There are several choices available depending on the test you need.

Step 2: Choose the test applicable to your problem and click on the link.

In this course we cover Z-score, t-score and the F-ratio score.

The screenshot shows the 'Social Science Statistics' website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: Home, Statistical Calculators, Test Yourself Quizzes, Which Statistics Test?, Descriptive Statistics, P Value Calculators, Donate, About, and Contact. Below the navigation bar, there are four buttons: AdChoices, P Value, SPSS Statistics, and Formula to Calculate. The 'P Value' button is highlighted. Under the 'Quick P-Value Calculators' section, there is a list of five options: P-value from Z score, P-value from t score, P-value from chi-square score, P-value from F-ratio score, and P-value from Pearson (r) score. To the right of this list, there are three labels with arrows pointing to the corresponding options: 'Z-score, Normal distribution' points to 'P-value from Z score', 't-score, Student's T distribution' points to 'P-value from t score', and 'F-ratio score, F distribution' points to 'P-value from F-ratio score'. The website also features a formula for the t-test at the top:
$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

Quick P-Value Calculators

This is a set of very simple calculators that generate p-values from various test scores (i.e., t test, chi-square, etc).

- P-value from Z score.
- P-value from t score.
- P-value from chi-square score.
- P-value from F-ratio score.
- P-value from Pearson (r) score.

Z-score, Normal distribution

t-score, Student's T distribution

F-ratio score, F distribution

365 DataScience

P-value from Z-score

Step 1: Type in the Z-score you got from your test.

Step 2 (optional): Choose the significance level, if you want to get the result for your test.

Step 3: Choose if this is a one-tailed or two-tailed test.

Step 4: Click calculate.

The screenshot shows the 'P Value from Z Score Calculator' interface on the 'Social Science Statistics' website. The page has a navigation bar with links: Home, Statistical Calculators, Test Yourself Quizzes, Which Statistics Test?, Descriptive Statistics, P Value Calculators, Donate, About, and Contact. Below the navigation bar are buttons for 'AdChoices', 'P Value Calculator', 'Z Score', and 'T Test Calculator'. The main heading is 'P Value from Z Score Calculator'. The instructions state: 'This is very easy: just stick your Z score in the box marked Z score, select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!'. A link is provided: 'If you need to derive a Z score from raw data, you can find a Z test calculator here.' The form includes a 'Z score:' input field, a 'Significance Level:' section with radio buttons for 0.01, 0.05 (selected), and 0.10, and a 'One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:' section with radio buttons for One-tailed (selected) and Two-tailed. A 'Calculate' button is at the bottom. Four arrows with labels 'Step 1' through 'Step 4' point to the Z score input field, the 0.05 significance level radio button, the One-tailed hypothesis radio button, and the Calculate button, respectively.

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

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AdChoices | P Value Calculator | Z Score | T Test Calculator

P Value from Z Score Calculator

This is very easy: just stick your Z score in the box marked Z score, select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!

If you need to derive a Z score from raw data, you can find a Z test calculator here.

Z score:

Significance Level:

☐ 0.01
☒ 0.05
☐ 0.10

One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:

☒ One-tailed
☐ Two-tailed

Enter your z score value, and then press the button.

Calculate

P-value from Z-score

Step 1: Type in the Z-score you got from your test.

Step 2 (optional): Choose the significance level, if you want to get the decision for your test.

Step 3: Choose if this is a one-tailed or two-tailed test.

Step 4: Click calculate.

The screenshot shows the 'P Value from Z Score Calculator' interface. It includes a navigation bar with links like 'Home', 'Statistical Calculators', and 'P Value Calculators'. Below the navigation bar are buttons for 'P Value Calculator', 'Z Score', and 'T Test Calculator'. The main section is titled 'P Value from Z Score Calculator' and contains instructions: 'This is very easy: just stick your Z score in the box marked Z score, select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!'. It also provides a link to a Z test calculator. The form has four input fields with arrows pointing to them from the right, labeled 'Step 1' through 'Step 4':
1. 'Z score:' with an empty text box.
2. 'Significance Level:' with radio buttons for 0.01, 0.05 (selected), and 0.10.
3. 'One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:' with radio buttons for One-tailed (selected) and Two-tailed.
4. A 'Calculate' button.
At the bottom right, there is a '365 DataScience' logo.

P-value from Z-score. Example result (Part 1)

After clicking 'Calculate', you would instantly get two results.

Result 1: The p-value of the test.

Result 2: The decision, based on the information you entered above.

Note: When using this online p-value calculator, a **red** color of the text means that the result is **not significant**, given the significance level you have chosen.

Seth's Blog
sethgodin.typepad.com

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

Social Science Statistics

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

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AdChoices | P Value | Z Score | T Test

P Value from Z Score Calculator

This is very easy: just stick your Z score in the box marked Z score, select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!

If you need to derive a Z score from raw data, [you can find a Z test calculator here.](#)

Z score:

Significance Level:

☐ 0.01
☒ 0.05
☐ 0.10

One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:

☒ One-tailed
☐ Two-tailed

The P-Value is 0.109349.

The result is not significant at p < 0.05.

Calculate

Result 1

Result 2

P-value from Z-score. Example result (Part 2)

After clicking 'Calculate', you would instantly get two results.

Result 1: The p-value of the test.

Result 2: The decision, based on the information you entered above.

Note: When using this online p-value calculator, a **blue** color of the text means that the result is **significant**, given the significance level you have chosen.

The screenshot shows the 'Social Science Statistics' website's 'P Value from Z Score Calculator'. The page has a navigation bar with links: Home, Statistical Calculators, Test Yourself Quizzes, Which Statistics Test?, Descriptive Statistics, P Value Calculators, Donate, About, and Contact. Below the navigation bar are three buttons: 'Ad Choices', 'P Value' (selected), 'Z Score', and 'T Test'. The main heading is 'P Value from Z Score Calculator'. The instructions state: 'This is very easy: just stick your Z score in the box marked Z score, select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!'. A link is provided: 'If you need to derive a Z score from raw data, you can find a Z test calculator here.' The 'Z score' input field contains '3.54'. The 'Significance Level' section has three radio buttons: '0.01', '0.05' (selected), and '0.10'. The 'One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:' section has two radio buttons: 'One-tailed' (selected) and 'Two-tailed'. The results are displayed in blue text: 'The P-Value is 0.0002.' and 'The result is significant at p < 0.05.'. A 'Calculate' button is at the bottom. Two arrows point from the text 'Result 1' and 'Result 2' to the two lines of blue text results.

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

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P Value from Z Score Calculator

This is very easy: just stick your Z score in the box marked Z score, select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!

If you need to derive a Z score from raw data, you can find a Z test calculator here.

Z score:

Significance Level:

☐ 0.01
☒ 0.05
☐ 0.10

One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:

☒ One-tailed
☐ Two-tailed

The P-Value is 0.0002.

The result is significant at p < 0.05.

Calculate

Result 1

Result 2

P-value from t-score

Step 1: Type in the t-score you got from your test.

Step 2: Type in the degrees of freedom associated with your test.

Step 3 (optional): Choose the significance level, if you want to get the decision for your test.

Step 4: Choose if this is a one-tailed or two-tailed test.

Step 5: Click calculate.

The screenshot shows the 'P Value from T Score Calculator' interface. It includes a header with the title 'Social Science Statistics' and a navigation bar with links like 'Home', 'Statistical Calculators', and 'P Value Calculators'. Below the navigation bar, there are tabs for 'AdChoices', 'P Value', 'T Test', and 'SPSS Statistics'. The main content area is titled 'P Value from T Score Calculator' and contains instructions for using the calculator. It includes input fields for 'T Score' and 'DF', a 'Significance Level' section with radio buttons for .01, .05, and .10, and a 'One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?' section with radio buttons for 'One-tailed' and 'Two-tailed'. A 'Calculate' button is at the bottom. Five numbered steps are overlaid on the interface with arrows pointing to the corresponding input fields or buttons: Step 1 points to the 'T Score' field, Step 2 points to the 'DF' field, Step 3 points to the '.05' significance level radio button, Step 4 points to the 'One-tailed' hypothesis radio button, and Step 5 points to the 'Calculate' button.

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

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P Value from T Score Calculator

This should be self-explanatory, but just in case it's not: your T Score goes in the T Score box, you stick your degrees of freedom in the DF box ($N - 1$ for single sample and dependent pairs, $(N_1 - 1) + (N_2 - 1)$ for independent samples), select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!

If you need to derive a T Score from raw data, then you can find t test calculators here.

T Score:

DF:

Significance Level:

☐ .01

☒ .05

☐ .10

One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:

☒ One-tailed

☐ Two-tailed

Enter your values for T Score and degrees of freedom, and then press the button.

Calculate

Step 1

Step 2

Step 3

Step 4

Step 5

P-value from t-score. Example result (Part 1)

After clicking 'Calculate', you would instantly get two results.

Result 1: The p-value of the test.

Result 2: The decision, based on the information you entered above.

Note: When using this online p-value calculator, a **red** color of the text means that the result is **not significant**, given the significance level you have chosen.

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

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This should be self-explanatory, but just in case it's not: your T Score goes in the T Score box, you stick your degrees of freedom in the DF box ($N - 1$ for single sample and dependent pairs, $(N_1 - 1) + (N_2 - 1)$ for independent samples), select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!

If you need to derive a T Score from raw data, [then you can find t test calculators here.](#)

T Score:

DF:

Significance Level:

☐ .01

☒ .05

☐ .10

One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:

☒ One-tailed

☐ Two-tailed

The P-Value is .093417.

The result is not significant at $p < .05$.

Calculate

Result 1

Result 2

P-value from t-score. Example result (Part 2)

After clicking 'Calculate', you would instantly get two results.

Result 1: The p-value of the test.

Result 2: The decision, based on the information you entered above.

Note: When using this online p-value calculator, a **blue** color of the text means that the result is **significant**, given the significance level you have chosen.

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

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P Value from T Score Calculator

This should be self-explanatory, but just in case it's not: your T Score goes in the T Score box, you stick your degrees of freedom in the DF box ($N - 1$ for single sample and dependent pairs, $(N_1 - 1) + (N_2 - 1)$ for independent samples), select your significance level and whether you're testing a one or two-tailed hypothesis (if you're not sure, go with the defaults), then press the button!

If you need to derive a T Score from raw data, [then you can find t test calculators here.](#)

T Score:

DF:

Significance Level:

☐ .01

☒ .05

☐ .10

One-tailed or two-tailed hypothesis?:

☒ One-tailed

☐ Two-tailed

The P-Value is .001482.

The result is significant at $p < .05$.

Note: If you wish to calculate the effect size, [this calculator](#) will do the job.

Calculate

Result 1

Result 2